PROPOSED

1 ORDINANCE NO. 2 AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF BROWARD 3 COUNTY, FLORIDA, PERTAINING TO MINIMUM HOUSING STANDARDS; 4 AMENDING AND RENUMBERING VARIOUS SECTIONS OF CHAPTER 5 OF THE 5 BROWARD COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES ("MINIMUM HOUSING CODE") TO 6 UPDATE AND ELIMINATE OUTDATED PROVISIONS FOUND IN THE MINIMUM 7 HOUSING CODE; AMENDING VARIOUS SECTIONS OF CHAPTER 39 OF THE 8 BROWARD COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES ("ZONING CODE") TO UPDATE 9 PROVISIONS RELATED TO THE LANDLORD REGISTRATION AND RESIDENTIAL 10 RENTAL PROPERTY INSPECTIONS PROGRAM ("PROGRAM"): CREATING 11 SECTIONS 39-120 THROUGH 39-126 OF THE ZONING CODE TO ESTABLISH 12 MINIMUM HOUSING STANDARDS AND A PROCEDURE FOR INSPECTIONS, 13 ENFORCEMENT, HEARINGS, AND APPEALS FOR PROPERTIES SUBJECT TO THE PROGRAM; PROVIDING GENERAL UPDATING AMENDMENTS TO THE MINIMUM 14 15 HOUSING CODE AND THE ZONING CODE; AND PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY, 16 INCLUSION IN THE MINIMUM HOUSING CODE AND THE ZONING CODE, AND AN 17 EFFECTIVE DATE. 18 (Sponsored by the Board of County Commissioners) 19

20 WHEREAS, on August 25, 2022, the Board of County Commissioners ("Board")
21 directed the Office of the County Attorney to prepare ordinances to amend or repeal

outdated or obsolete provisions of the Broward County Code of Ordinances ("Code") and
to present such ordinances for consideration by the Board;

WHEREAS, Article IV of Chapter 5 of the Code establishes the Minimum Housing Code for Broward County, Florida, and provides uniform minimum standards within Broward County for occupied living units, rental units, and unoccupied or abandoned structures; provides uniform minimum standards for the maintenance of occupied structures and adjacent properties, including vacant lots and any adjacent properties that may be subject to the Minimum Housing Code; and creates an appeal procedure;

WHEREAS, the Minimum Housing Code is a means of protecting the public health,
general welfare, and life safety of the public by eliminating overcrowding, substandard
living conditions, unsanitary conditions, and unsafe structures;

WHEREAS, since the Minimum Housing Code was enacted, many of the standards contained therein have been superseded or incorporated into other areas of the Code or the Florida Building Code, or preempted by state law, such as Chapter 509 of the Florida Statutes that gives exclusive jurisdiction to the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation over the enforcement of minimum housing standards in public lodging establishments, including hotels and hotel units;

WHEREAS, Article IX½ of Chapter 39 of the Code ("Zoning Code") was enacted
to establish the Landlord Registration and Residential Rental Property Inspections
Program ("Program") in the Broward Municipal Services District ("BMSD") for the purpose
of creating a landlord registration database of current and accurate information for
purposes of contacting a property owner, or designated entity, regarding health or safety

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violations, Minimum Housing Code complaints, or emergency situations at residential
rental units;

WHEREAS, the Program seeks to conduct rental property inspections in the
BMSD to address substandard maintenance of rental properties; to promote greater
compliance with property maintenance standards and protect property values; and to
preserve the quality of the BMSD neighborhoods and available housing; and

51 WHEREAS, the Board deems it in the best interests of the residents of Broward 52 County to incorporate provisions from the Minimum Housing Code, such as inspections 53 and enforcement, into the Program,

54 BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF 55 BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA:

56 Section 1. Article IV of Chapter 5 of the Broward County Code of Ordinances is
57 hereby amended to read as follows:

58

ARTICLE IV. MINIMUM HOUSING CODE

59 **Sec. 5-52.** Title.

60 The title for <u>of</u> this article shall be "The Minimum Housing Code of Broward County,
61 Florida-" ("Minimum Housing Code").

62 Sec. 5-53. Purpose and authority.

The purpose of *T*<u>t</u>he Minimum Housing Code for Broward County, Florida, is to establish uniform minimum standards within Broward County for occupied living units, rental units, and unoccupied or abandoned structures; to establish uniform minimum standards for the maintenance of occupied structures and adjacent properties, including vacant lots and commercial properties adjacent thereto; and to create an appeal

68 procedure. This article is a means of protecting the public health, general welfare, and life 69 safety of the public by eliminating overcrowding, substandard living conditions, unsanitary 70 conditions, and unsafe structures.

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Sec. 5-54. Scope and application.

72 Every structure or building in Broward County used, or intended to be used, (a) 73 in whole or in part as a single-family dwelling, as two (2) or more to four (4) dwelling units, 74 or as a hotel or rooming house {(including an abandoned dwelling structure}), or as a 75 dormitory-type sleeping accommodation that is let shall conform to the requirements and 76 minimum standards established by this article, irrespective of when such structure or 77 building may have been constructed, altered, or repaired, except those structures or 78 buildings located within a municipality that elects to adopt its own minimum housing code. 79 Where the Minimum Housing Code is effective within a municipality, all enforcement 80 action shall be taken by the municipality pursuant to its code enforcement processes. The 81 provisions of the Minimum Housing Code do not apply to: (i) the rental of mobile home 82 lots governed under Chapter 723, Florida Statutes; (ii) "transient public lodging establishments" or "vacation rentals" licensed under Chapter 509, Florida Statutes; 83 84 (iii) "assisted living facilities" licensed under Chapter 429, Florida Statutes; or (iv) any 85 buildings or structures where the regulation of such buildings or structures is preempted 86 by state law.

87 (b) This article establishes minimum standards for the occupancy and structural integrity of single-family dwellings, dwelling units, hotels, and rooming units, 88 89 and dormitory-type sleeping accommodations. It does not replace of or modify standards

90 established by other codes or ordinances for the construction, replacement, or repair of91 buildings.

92 (c) This article shall also apply to buildings or structures, other than residential
93 or dwelling units, to the extent provided herein.

94 (d) The provisions contained herein are additional and supplemental means of
95 enforcing the Minimum Housing Code for Broward County. Nothing in this article shall
96 prohibit enforcement of the Minimum Housing Code by any other means.

97 Sec. 5-55. Definitions.

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Board shall mean the Unsafe Structures Board, maintained pursuant to the Florida
Building Code, as authorized by Chapter 553, Part IV, Florida Statutes, and this article,
as same may be amended.

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103 *Director* shall mean the director, or designee, of the Broward County Permitting, 104 Licensing and Consumer Protection <u>Urban Planning</u> Division, or successor agency, 105 charged with enforcing zoning and building regulations within unincorporated Broward 106 County and those areas located within municipalities that do not have a municipal 107 ordinance in conflict with the provisions of this article the Broward Municipal Services 108 <u>District ("BMSD")</u>. The term "director" shall be synonymous with head of "enforcing 109 agency," as defined herein.

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Enforcing agency shall mean the Broward County Permitting, Licensing and
 Consumer Protection <u>Urban Planning</u> Division, and any successor department or division
 of County government.

Enforcing officer shall mean any employee of Broward County, or of any municipality, charged with the responsibility of making inspections of inspecting buildings and premises and issuing violation notices and citations when necessary. The term "enforcing officer" shall be synonymous with "inspection officer" and "code <u>enforcement</u> inspector."

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Hotel shall mean any building or group of buildings, which contains sleeping room
accommodations for three (3) or more guests, which offers the services generally
provided by a hotel, and is recognized as a hotel in the community in which it is situated,
or by the industry; is declared to be a hotel; or which must be licensed by the Florida
Division of Hotels and Restaurants. For the purpose of this article, motels and buildings
offering dormitory-type sleeping accommodations shall be included in this category.

Hotel unit shall mean any room or group of hotel rooms forming a single habitable
unit used, or intended to be used, for living or sleeping purposes. For the purpose of this
article, motel units and dormitory-type sleeping accommodations shall be included in this
category.

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131 *Operator* shall mean any person who has the charge, care, custody, or control of
132 a building, or any part thereof, in which dwelling units, hotel units, rooming units, or
133 dormitory-type sleeping accommodations are let.

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135 *Owner* shall mean any person who alone, or jointly or severally with others, has
136 any legal or equitable title to any dwelling, dwelling unit, hotel, or rooming house with or
137 without having actual possession thereof.

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Plumbing shall mean, include, and refer to:

140 (1) The materials, including pipes, fittings, valves, fixtures, and appliances.
141 attached to and a part of a plumbing or gas system for the purpose of
142 creating and maintaining sanitary, heating, or cooking facilities in buildings,
143 camps, and swimming pools on property where people live, work, play, or
144 assemble, or travel.

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Premises signifies a distinct and definite locality or place with metes and bounds,
as land alone or land with buildings thereon, and shall mean: lands and tenements; an
estate; the area of land surrounding a building, and actually, or by legal construction,
forming one (1) enclosure with it; and may mean land alone or land with buildings or
appurtenances, a room, shop, or any definite area.

151 Rooming house shall mean any building dwelling, or part of any dwelling, 152 containing one (1) or more rooming units in which space is let by the owner or operator 153 for living and sleeping purposes, but not for eating or cooking purposes; or which is 154 required to be licensed by the Florida Division of Hotels and Restaurants as a rooming 155 house to persons in return for remuneration or for the provision of services or for both, in

156 rooms furnished by the owner or operator. For the purpose of this article, boarding
157 houses, guest houses, and cabins are included in this category.

Rooming unit shall mean any room or group of rooms, forming a single habitable
unit, used, or intended to be used, for living and sleeping purposes, but not for cooking
or eating purposes; and which is not categorized as a hotel or motel unit by the Florida
Division of Hotels and Restaurants.

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Meaning of certain words: Whenever the words "dwelling," "dwelling unit," <u>"hotel,"</u> "hotel_unit," "rooming house," "rooming unit," and "premises<u>,"</u> <u>and "dormitory-type</u> <u>sleeping accommodations"</u> are used in this article, they shall be construed as though they were followed by the words "or any part thereof."

167 Sec. 5-56. Appeals Enforcement; conflicts.

168 Appeals board Enforcement. The Unsafe Structures Board is authorized by (a) 169 the Board of County Commissioners to act as the Unsafe Structures and Housing Appeals 170 Board, and to enter such orders or decisions that are authorized under both the Florida 171 Building Code and The Minimum Housing Code for Broward County, Florida. 172 Notwithstanding the foregoing, a violation of this article shall also be deemed a County 173 ordinance violation, and an enforcing officer may issue a citation or notice of violation in 174 accordance with the provisions of Chapter 81/2, Broward County Code of Ordinances. 175 Nothing contained in this article shall prohibit the County from enforcing its codes or 176 ordinances by any other lawful means This article may be enforced by code enforcement 177 officers, including municipal code enforcement officers, and any law enforcement agency 178 having jurisdiction of the area within which the real property at issue is located pursuant

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179 to Section 125.69 and Chapter 162, Florida Statutes, or any applicable municipal code
180 enforcement provision.

181	(b)	Duties and powers of the Board. In addition to the duties and powers
182	specified in t	the Florida Building Code, the Board shall have the following duties, functions,
183	powers, and	I responsibilities with respect to the implementation of this article, to wit:
184	(1)	Hear and determine appeals from actions and decisions of the director;
185	(2)	Hear and review the actions and orders of the director, where the director's
186		decision or order, as indicated in a notice of violation or rule to show cause,
187		has not been complied with;
188	(3)	Affirm, modify, or reverse any decision or order of the director;
189	(4)	Maintain minutes of all proceedings; and
190	(5)	Issue such orders as may be necessary in order to enforce the standards
191		established by this article.
192	(c)	Conflict of interests. No official, Board member, or employee of Broward
193	County char	ged with the enforcement of this law <u>article</u> shall have any financial interest,
194	directly or in	directly, in any repairs, corrections, construction, or demolition which that may
195	be required	or ordered hereunder.
196		
197	Sec. 5-58.	Minimum standards for space, light and ventilation, basic facilities,
198	equipment,	and maintenance.
199	(a)	No person shall occupy, or let to another for occupancy, any dwelling or
200	dwelling uni	t for the purpose of living, sleeping, cooking, or eating therein, or occupy or
201	let any hote	el, hotel unit, rooming house, or rooming unit, <u>or dormitory-type sleeping</u>

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202 <u>accommodation</u>, for the purpose of living or sleeping therein, which does not comply with
203 the minimum standards and requirements established hereunder.

204 (b) *Requirements for space.*

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- 206 (2) Every room or unit in a dwelling, dwelling unit, hotel, or rooming house, or
 207 <u>dormitory-type sleeping accommodation</u> occupied for sleeping purposes
 208 shall:
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- (4) Every habitable room or unit in a dwelling, dwelling unit, hotel, and rooming
 house, or dormitory-type sleeping accommodation shall have a ceiling
 height of not less than seven (7) feet for at least fifty (50) per cent of the
 floor area of the room. Any portion of a habitable room having a ceiling
 height of five (5) feet or less shall not be included in computing the gross
 floor area of such room.
- 217 (c) *Requirements for light and ventilation.*
- (3) Every hall, stairway, and other space or area located within, or on the exterior of, a dwelling, dwelling unit, hotel, or rooming house, or dormitory-type sleeping accommodation shall be provided with properly installed electric lighting facilities capable of providing not less than one (1) footcandle of illumination throughout, and such facilities shall be controlled by, and available to, the occupants at all times.

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226	(7)	Every door opening directly from a dwelling, dwelling unit, hotel, or rooming
227		unit, or dormitory-type sleeping accommodation to outdoor spaces shall be
228		adequately screened for protection against mosquitoes, flies, and other
229		insects.
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231	(d)	Requirements for basic sanitary facilities and equipment.
232		
233	(2)	Each hotel and rooming house shall have not less than the following:
234		a. One (1) flush water closet, lavatory basin, and bathtub or shower for
235		each six (6) persons, or fraction thereof, residing within such hotel or
236		rooming house;
237		
238		c. Where ten (10) or more persons may occupy a hotel or rooming
239		house, separate facilities consisting of one (1) flush water closet,
240		lavatory basin, and bathtub or shower, in a sanitary and good
241		working condition, shall be provided for each sex;
242		d. Where, in a hotel or rooming house, rooms that are let only to males,
243		flush urinals may be substituted for not more than one-half (1/2) of the
244		required number of water closets; and
245		e. Adequate receptacles for the storage of garbage, trash, refuse, and
246		rubbish.

247	(3)	Each dwelling, dwelling unit, hotel, and rooming house shall provide privacy
248		for, and accessibility to, toilet and bath facilities as follows:
249		
250		b. Rooms containing water closets, urinals, bathtubs, or showers shall
251		be not more than one (1) story removed from the hotel or rooming
252		unit of any occupant sharing the facilities; and
253		c. All toilet and bath facilities shall be so located so as to be accessible
254		without going outside of the building or without going through a
255		dwelling unit, hotel unit, or rooming unit of another occupant.
256		
257	(5)	All plumbing fixtures shall be properly connected to approved water, sewer,
258		or gas systems. Where a sewer system is not available, drain lines shall be
259		connected to an approved and permitted septic tank.
260		
261	(7)	Every supplied facility and piece of equipment to be utilized by a tenant or
262		occupant, including tenant-owned equipment, shall be maintained in a safe,
263		sanitary, and properly operating condition. This provision shall not apply to
264		small domestic appliances including, but not limited to, microwaves, coffee
265		pots, blenders, etc.
266		
267	(9)	Every occupied dwelling and dwelling unit shall have a properly installed
268		cooking facility consisting of a stove having at least two (2) top burners and

269		all necessary utility connections for said cooking facility. Cooking facilities
270		shall not be permitted in any hotel unit or rooming unit.
271	(e)	General requirements for all dwellings, dwelling units, hotels, hotel units,
272	rooming hou	uses, and rooming units, and dormitory-style sleeping accommodations.
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274	(f)	Heating facilities.
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276	(7)	Only those accessory heating units which are approved and acceptable
277		under regulations promulgated by the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of
278		the Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation, or
279		successor agency, and other applicable regulatory codes, shall be used in
280		any hotel unit or rooming unit.
281	(8)	The use of unsafe heating or cooking stoves and the use of cooking stoves,
282		including ovens, for heating purposes is prohibited.
283	Sec. 5-59.	Unsafe dwellings, rooming houses, hotels, <u>dormitory-style sleeping</u>
284	<u>accommod</u>	ations, and structures.
285	A dv	welling, dwelling unit, hotel, rooming house, <u>dormitory-style sleeping</u>
286	accommoda	tion, or structure shall be deemed unsafe when any one (1) or more of the
287	conditions s	et forth within Subsection 116.2 of the Florida Building Code are met.
288		
289	Sec. 5-61.	Responsibilities of owners, operators, and occupants.
290	(a)	The owner shall not occupy, nor permit another to occupy, nor let to another
291	for occupan	cy, a dwelling unit, hotel unit, or rooming unit <u>, or dormitory-type sleeping</u>

accommodation that is not clean, sanitary, safe, and or fit for human habitation as required
 by the standards established hereunder, and other regulatory codes of Broward County
 and the state of Florida.

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296 (d) The owner, agent, or operator of a hotel or rooming house or dormitory-type
 297 <u>sleeping accommodation</u> shall jointly and severally:

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Sec. 5-62. Requirements relating to the safe and sanitary maintenance of
 premises adjacent to dwelling structures.

301 (a) No owner, occupant, or operator of a dwelling, dwelling unit, hotel, hotel
 302 unit, rooming house, or rooming unit, or dormitory-type sleeping accommodation shall
 303 store, deposit, or cause to be deposited, any rubbish, garbage, or other refuse on adjacent
 304 property adjacent to the dwelling structure.

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306 Sec. 5-63. Inspections.

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307 (a) The enforcing agency is hereby authorized and empowered to make
 308 inspections of dwellings, dwelling units, hotels, rooming houses, dormitory-type sleeping
 309 accommodations, and all premises adjacent to such structures, including vacant lots and
 310 commercial properties located adjacent thereto, in order to determine the physical
 311 condition of said premises and to ensure compliance with the minimum standards
 312 established by this article.

(b) <u>Except as provided in Section (c) for owner-occupied residences</u>, <u>T</u>the
 inspecting officers of the enforcing agency are hereby authorized to enter, examine, and

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315 survey ("inspect") all structures and premises, at reasonable hours, or at such other time 316 as may be necessary in an emergency, to ensure compliance with the minimum 317 standards established by this article. Except in emergencies endangering the public 318 health, general welfare, or life safety, the inspecting officers of the enforcing agency shall enter a dwelling, dwelling unit, rooming house, rooming unit, dormitory-type sleeping 319 320 accommodation, or premises only upon the prior or contemporaneous consent of the 321 person lawfully in occupancy thereof or the person having legal right of possession 322 thereof, or with a court order, inspection warrant, or in accordance with the provisions of 323 this section.

324 (c) In the event a person who has common authority is lawfully in occupancy 325 or has the legal right of possession over a structure or premises regulated hereunder shall 326 not consent to an inspection, survey, and examination of said structure or premises, said 327 person shall be given the opportunity to reschedule such inspection, survey, and 328 examination for a time certain within ten (10) days of after the inspector's initial contact. 329 Failure of the such person exercising common authority over said structure or premises 330 to thereafter consent to an inspection, survey, and examination of the structure or 331 premises, without just cause, shall be sufficient grounds and probable cause to seek an 332 inspection warrant, as authorized by Sections 933.20 through 933.30, Florida Statutes, 333 as amended, for the purpose of inspecting, surveying, or examining said structure or 334 premises. Owner-occupied family residences are exempt from the provisions of 335 Sections 933.20 through 933.30, Florida Statutes, as amended.

336 (d) In the event a structure or premises appears to be abandoned or vacant
337 and the owner cannot be readily contacted in order to obtain consent to inspect, survey,

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and examine the structure or premises, then, and in that event, the inspector may enter
upon any open, unsecured, or unlocked portion of the structure or premises in order to
conduct an inspection, survey, and examination thereof.

341 (e) In the event it shall be deemed necessary by an inspector of the enforcing 342 agency to enter a secured or locked structure or premises which appears to be 343 abandoned or vacant, and where the owner person lawfully in occupancy or has the legal 344 right of possession (i) cannot be readily contacted in order to obtain consent to inspect, 345 survey, and examine the structure or premises, then, and in that event, the absence of 346 the owner and vacancy of the structure and premises shall be sufficient grounds and 347 probable cause to obtain an inspection warrant, as authorized by Sections 933.20 through 348 933.30, Florida Statutes, as amended, for the purpose of inspecting, examining, and 349 surveying the structure and premises. Owner occupied family residences are exempt from 350 the provisions of Sections 933.20 through 933.30 Florida Statutes, as amended; or (ii) 351 refuses to consent to the inspection, the inspecting officer of the enforcing agency may 352 apply to the County Court or Circuit Court for the issuance of an inspection warrant to be 353 served by an officer duly authorized by law to serve inspection warrants. Refusal to permit 354 an inspection pursuant to an inspection warrant authorized by this section shall constitute 355 a violation of this article and shall subject the violator to the penalties prescribed herein 356 and any penalties deemed appropriate by the issuing court, as allowed by law. 357 (f) (e) Inspecting officers of the enforcing agency shall be provided with official 358 identification and shall exhibit such identification when making any inspection. 359 Sec. 5-64. Service of notice.

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361 (b) A notice of violation and order to show cause shall be served on the alleged
362 violator and, if different from the alleged violator, the owner of the structure or premises.
363 Such notice and order shall:

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- 365 (8) Contain a statement that final compliance must conform to the requirements
 366 of the Florida Building Code; <u>and</u>
- 367 (9) Inform the violator that, unless an objection to the notice of violation and
 368 order to show cause is filed with the enforcing agency within thirty (30) days
 369 of the date of service, the Board may issue a final order of correction which,
 370 when issued, may be enforced by the director; and
- 371 (10) For those cases arising out of violations on properties located in the BMSD,
 372 Sstate that the director may cause to be made any corrections ordered by
 373 the Board hearing officer, the cost of which shall be paid by the owner, and,
 374 if not paid, assessed against the property, and which shall become a lien
 375 against the property.

376 (c) All notices required by this article shall be served in accordance with the
 377 provisions of Section 116 of the Florida Building Code Chapter 162, Florida Statutes, as
 378 <u>amended</u>.

379

380 Sec. 5-65. Hearings on notice arising out of violations on properties located in 381 the Broward Municipal Services District; hearing officer.

382 (a) Any person served with a violation notice and order to show cause issued
383 in connection with the enforcement of any provisions of this article may, within thirty (30)

384	days of serv	rice, file written objections to said notice and order with the enforcing agency,	
385	and may request a hearing on the matter before the Board There is hereby created, for		
386	the purpose of conducting hearings pursuant to this article, the position of hearing officer.		
387	The hearing	officer shall be selected by the County Attorney from a list of candidates	
388	approved by	the Board of County Commissioners of Broward County. The hearing officer	
389	<u>shall be a m</u>	ember in good standing with The Florida Bar and engaged in the practice of	
390	law in Broward County. This section shall only apply to those cases arising out of		
391	violations on properties located in the BMSD.		
392	(b)	All objections to a notice of violation and order to show cause shall be in the	
393	form of a pe	tition seeking review of the director's order to show cause. The petition shall:	
394	(1)	Be printed or typewritten on no less than eight and one-half by eleven	
395		inches (8½" × 11") white bond paper;	
396	(2)	Contain the name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner and the	
397		violation number;	
398	(3)	Indicate whether or not the petitioner is represented by an attorney and, if	
399		so, state the attorney's name, address, and telephone number;	
400	(4)	Set forth in clear and concise language the petitioner's objections to the	
401		notice of violation and order to show cause;	
402	(5)	Contain a brief statement setting forth the specific grounds for each	
403		objection;	
404	(6)	State whether or not the petitioner will appear at the hearing before the	
405		Board, and if the petitioner will be accompanied by counsel;	
406	(7)	State the relief or decision sought by the petitioner from the Board; and	

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407	(8)	Be signed and verified under oath by the petitioner.
408		Upon receipt of a timely request for an administrative hearing, the matter
409	shall be set	for hearing on the next regularly scheduled hearing or as soon thereafter as
410	possible.	
411	(c)	The filing of objections to a notice and order of the director with the enforcing
412	agency, in t	the form of a petition as specified hereunder, shall entitle the petitioner to a
413	hearing bef	ore the Board. The County shall serve a notice of hearing to the alleged
414	violator, whi	ich notice shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
415	<u>(1)</u>	Place, date, and time of the hearing.
416	<u>(2)</u>	Right of the alleged violator to be represented by an attorney.
417	<u>(3)</u>	Right of the alleged violator to present witnesses and evidence and conduct
418		cross-examination.
419	<u>(4)</u>	A conspicuous statement reflecting the requirements of Chapter 286,
420		Florida Statutes, that a person deciding to appeal any decision of a hearing
421		officer will need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is
422		made. In lieu of providing a notice of hearing as provided above, the County
423		may include a hearing date in the notice of violation that will be scheduled
424		if the alleged violator requests an administrative hearing, provided that the
425		notice of violation includes the information required by this section.
426	(d)	Upon receipt of a petition in the form specified hereunder, the enforcing
427	agency sha	Il immediately set a time and place for a hearing thereon, and shall notify the
428	chair or vice	e-chair of the Board of the time and place set for the hearing. The petitioner
429	shall also be	e given written notice of the hearing, by mailing a copy of the hearing notice

430 to the address given in the petition <u>No hearing shall be scheduled sooner than ten (10)</u>
431 <u>days from the date of service of the notice of violation unless there is reason to believe</u>
432 that a violation presents a serious threat to the public health, general welfare, or life safety.

433 (e) The hearing shall be held not less than fifteen (15) days, nor more than
434 sixty (60) days, after the day upon which the petition was received by the enforcing
435 agency <u>All hearings shall be open to the public</u>. <u>All testimony shall be under oath and</u>
436 minutes shall be taken.

(f) Upon application of the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, the chair or
vice-chair of the Board may postpone or continue the date of a hearing for a reasonable
time beyond the sixty-day period if, in the chair's or vice-chair's judgment, the petitioner
has submitted a good and sufficient reason for such postponement or continuance <u>The</u>
<u>County shall provide clerical and administrative personnel as may be reasonably required</u>
by each hearing officer.

(g) At the hearing, the petitioner shall be given an opportunity to be heard and
to show why the violation notice and order to show cause should be modified or withdrawn
<u>Each case before a hearing officer shall be presented by the personnel designated by the</u>
<u>County Administrator or the director of the enforcing agency</u>. <u>The County Administrator</u>
or the director of the enforcing agency shall adopt procedures for the conduct of hearings
before hearing officers.

(h) Hearings shall be informal and need not be conducted according to
technical rules relating to evidence and witnesses. Any relevant evidence may be
admitted if it is the type of evidence on which responsible persons are accustomed to
relying on in the conduct of serious affairs. Hearsay evidence may be used for the purpose

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453 of supplementing or explaining any direct evidence, but shall not be sufficient in and of 454 itself to support a finding, unless it would be admissible over objections in civil actions. 455 The rules of privilege shall be effective to the same extent that they are recognized in all 456 civil actions. All witnesses shall be sworn prior to giving any testimony, and irrelevant and 457 unduly repetitious evidence and testimony shall be excluded Formal rules of evidence 458 shall not apply, but fundamental principles of due process shall be observed and govern 459 the proceedings. All evidence of a type commonly relied upon by reasonably prudent 460 persons in the conduct of their affairs shall be admissible whether or not such evidence 461 would be admissible in a state of Florida court.

462 (i) All parties shall have an opportunity to respond, to present evidence and 463 argument on all issues involved, to conduct cross-examination, to submit rebuttal 464 evidence, to submit proposed findings of facts and orders, to file exceptions to any order 465 or Board member's recommended order, and to be represented by counsel. When 466 appropriate, the general public may be given an opportunity to present oral or written 467 communications. If the Board proposes to consider such material, then all parties shall 468 be given an opportunity to cross-examine, challenge, or rebut such material Each party 469 shall have the right to call and examine witnesses, to introduce exhibits, and to 470 cross-examine opposing witnesses on any relevant matter. 471 (j) The record in hearings governed by this article shall consist only of:

- 472 (1) All notices, pleadings, motions, and intermediate rulings;
- 473 (2) Evidence received or considered;
- 474 (3) A statement of matters officially recognized;
- 475 (4) Questions and proffers of proof and objections and rulings thereon;

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476 (5) Proposed findings of fact and exceptions;

477 (6) Any decision, opinion, recommended order, or report by the Board member
 478 presiding at the hearing;

479 (7) All staff memoranda or data submitted to the Board during the hearing or
 480 prior to its disposition; and

481 (8) The official transcript.

The hearing officer shall make findings of fact based on the evidence presented. In order to make a finding affirming the code inspector's decision, the hearing officer must find by clear and convincing evidence that the alleged violator was properly served with notice, that the alleged violator was responsible for the violation of the relevant provision as cited, and that the time for correction set by the code inspector in the warning notice, if required, was reasonable.

(k) The Board shall accurately and completely preserve all testimony and
evidence in the proceeding The hearing officer may not determine that the time given for
correction in the warning notice was too long. If the hearing officer finds that a violation
occurred but determines that the time given for correction was not reasonable, the hearing
officer shall determine a reasonable time period, which shall then be the required time for
compliance.

494 (I) Findings of fact shall be based exclusively on the evidence of record and
495 on matters officially recognized <u>If the alleged violator is found guilty of the violation and</u>
496 <u>the appropriate fine is imposed, the violator may also be held liable for the reasonable</u>
497 <u>costs of the administrative hearing, at the discretion of the hearing officer.</u>

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498	(m)	The Board may, for due cause and where a proven hardship exists, modify	
499	or waive the requirements set forth in this article, provided the subject premises do not		
500	constitute an immediate health hazard to the public. The hearing officer shall have the		
501	power to:		
502	<u>(1)</u>	Take testimony under oath.	
503	<u>(2)</u>	Determine whether the cited violations occurred.	
504	<u>(3)</u>	Determine whether a reasonable time period for compliance was given.	
505	<u>(4)</u>	Determine whether the alleged violator was properly notified of the hearing.	
506	<u>(5)</u>	Assess and order the payment of fines, which may include civil penalties	
507		and administrative costs within a specified period of time, as provided under	
508		this article.	
509	<u>(6)</u>	Issue a fine consistent with Section 5-72 of the Broward County Code of	
510		Ordinances.	
511	<u>(7)</u>	Impose liens as provided by Chapter 162, Florida Statutes.	
512	(n)	The Board shall, at the conclusion of a hearing hereunder, sustain, modify,	
513	or dismiss the notice of violation and order to show cause, and issue an order relative		
514	thereto consisting of the Board's findings of fact, conclusions of law, a legal description of		
515	the subject (premises, and such other information deemed pertinent by the Board. When	
516	corrective a	ction is ordered by the Board, it shall specify a date certain by which said	
517	action is to t	be completed.	
518			
519	Sec. 5-67.	Final orders of the board Rehearing; appeals.	

520 (a) The director shall file a copy of all final orders of the board with the Broward 521 County Finance and Administrative Services Department, Records, Taxes, and Treasury 522 Division, or its successor, and shall cause the same to be recorded in the public records 523 of Broward County, Florida. The recordation of such final order shall constitute 524 constructive notice to any subsequent purchasers, transferees, grantees, mortgagees, 525 lessees, lienors, and all persons having, claiming or acquiring any interest in the property 526 described therein or affected thereby The violator or the County may seek a rehearing of 527 the case by filing a written motion for rehearing within five (5) working days after rendition 528 of the decision by the hearing officer. The motion for rehearing shall set forth issues that 529 were overlooked or omitted at the hearing but shall not consist of a reargument of the 530 case. If the motion is made by the violator, said motion shall be sent to the enforcing 531 agency at the address set forth on the notice of hearing. The enforcing agency shall 532 immediately forward the motion for rehearing to the hearing officer. If the motion is made 533 by the County, the County shall forward a copy of the motion to the hearing officer and to 534 the violator at the last known address. Within ten (10) days after receipt of the motion, the 535 hearing officer shall enter an order on the motion for rehearing. If the motion for rehearing 536 is granted, the case shall be set for rehearing on the next regularly scheduled hearing or 537 as soon thereafter as possible.

(b) When the corrective action specified in a final order of the Board is
completed and the costs imposed thereon have been paid by the owner of the subject
premises, including any administrative costs, the director shall record a release of notice
of violation and lien in the Public Records of Broward County, Florida, stating that all
violations have been corrected and, thereupon, the order of the Board shall be deemed

to be satisfied <u>The violator or the County may appeal a final decision of a hearing officer</u>
to the Circuit Court of the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit within thirty (30) days after the date
of rendition of the decision of the hearing officer, as provided by the Florida Rules of
Appellate Procedure.

547 (c) The cost of recording the final order of the Board and the release shall be 548 recoverable as costs from the owner of record of the property prior to recording said 549 release.

550 (d) Any person acquiring any interest in or to property described in a notice of 551 violation and order to show cause shall be bound thereby to the same extent as the prior 552 owner or transferee, and shall take the property subject thereto. Provided, however, that 553 if the time for the filing of objections has not expired, the new owner or transferee shall 554 then have ten (10) days from the date upon which the transfer of the property interest is 555 effective as to that new owner or transferee or upon the last day set for the filing of 556 objections, whichever is greater, to file objections to the notice of violation and order to 557 show cause. The new owner or transferee shall be accorded all the rights and privileges 558 of the prior owner or transferee.

559

560 **Sec. 5-69.** Action to be taken upon noncompliance with final order.

561 (a) Upon the refusal, failure, or neglect of a person to comply with a final order
562 of the Board, the enforcing agency shall notify the Board, in writing, and ask for a hearing
563 to be conducted by the Board. After the hearing, the Board may order the enforcing
564 agency to have the dwelling, dwelling unit, hotel, hotel unit, rooming house, rooming unit,

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565 or structure repaired, altered, vacated, demolished, or otherwise made to conform with 566 the requirements of this article and the order of the Board.

567 (b) All owners and mortgagees shall be provided notice by certified or 568 registered mail to the last known address and a copy of the notice shall be posted in a 569 conspicuous place on the premises subject to the Board's order. In addition, the enforcing 570 agency shall cause to be published two (2) times, at least one (1) week apart, in a 571 newspaper of general circulation within Broward County, a notice of the action to be taken 572 by the enforcing agency. All notices shall be served and the last publication shall occur 573 not less than ten (10) days before any repairs, alterations, vacation, demolition, or other 574 action is commenced hereunder.

575 (c) The owner of any property which is the subject of an order of the Board shall
576 pay all costs of the corrective action required and ordered by the Board and all costs
577 incurred in the execution of any action ordered by the Board, including the costs of
578 service, notice, and title search.

579 (d) A certified copy of the order, showing the actual cost incurred in the 580 execution of the action ordered by the Board, the date of the action, and the legal 581 description of the property may be recorded in the Official Records of Broward County as 582 provided by Section 28.222, Florida Statutes, and thereafter shall constitute a lien against 583 the land on which the violation exists. The lien shall be prima facie evidence of the debt 584 to the County and may be foreclosed as mortgages are foreclosed in the circuit court; 585 provided, however, that no liens created pursuant to this part may be foreclosed on real 586 property that constitutes a homestead under Section 4, Article X of the Florida 587 Constitution.

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588 (e) All costs incurred by the enforcing agency in the execution of any repairs,
589 alterations, vacations, demolitions, or other action ordered by the Board, may be paid
590 from public funds upon certification by the enforcing agency of the date or dates the work
591 was performed, and that the items of cost are accurate and reasonable.

592 Sec. 5-70. Standards for declaration of structures as unfit for human habitation;
 593 condemnation procedures.

594 (a) The designation of dwellings, dwelling units, hotels, hotel units, rooming
595 houses, and rooming units as unfit for human habitation, and the procedure for the
596 placarding and condemnation of such unfit structures and units shall be executed by the
597 enforcing agency in compliance with the standards and procedures established
598 hereunder.

599 (b) The head of the enforcing agency shall declare as unfit for human
600 occupancy any dwelling, dwelling unit, hotel, hotel unit, rooming house, or rooming unit
601 which is found to have any of the following defects, to wit:

- 602 (1) One which is so dilapidated, damaged, decayed, unsanitary, unsafe, or
 603 vermin infested that it creates a serious hazard to the health or safety of the
 604 occupants or the public;
- 605 (2) One which lacks illumination, ventilation, or sanitary facilities adequate to
 606 protect the health or safety of the occupants or the public;
- 607 (3) One which, because of its general condition or location, is unsanitary, or
 608 otherwise dangerous or injurious to the health or safety of the occupants or
 609 the public; or
- 610 (4) Any defect as provided in Section 5-58 of this article.

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611 (c) The head of the enforcing agency shall give to the owner or person in
612 charge of any dwelling, dwelling unit, hotel, hotel unit, rooming house, or rooming unit
613 determined to be unfit for human occupancy, written notice to the effect that such dwelling,
614 dwelling unit, hotel, hotel unit, rooming house, or rooming unit is unfit for human
615 occupancy, and such notice shall conform to the notice requirements of Section 5-64 of
616 this article, and in addition thereto shall:

- 617 (1) Summarize the defects which serve as the basis for declaring the dwelling,
 618 dwelling unit, hotel, hotel unit, rooming house, or rooming unit as unfit for
 619 human occupancy; and
- 620 (2) Order the building, structure, or portion thereof, to be vacated within five (5)
 621 days and not reoccupied until a certificate of compliance is issued by the
 622 director.
- 623 (d) Proper service of notice under this Section 5-70 shall be provided in
 624 accordance with the provisions of Section 162.12, Florida Statutes, as amended.
- 625 (e) In addition to giving notice, the director shall post, or cause to be posted,
 626 upon the dwelling, dwelling unit, hotel, hotel unit, rooming house, or rooming unit, which
 627 is determined to be unfit for human occupancy, a placard, to be signed by the head of the
 628 enforcing agency, which contains the following script:
- 629 "THESE PREMISES NOT FIT
 630 FOR HUMAN OCCUPANCY
 631 Notice is given pursuant to Chapter 5, Article IV, The Minimum Housing
 632 Code for Broward County, Florida, that this building is not fit for human
 633 occupancy and shall not be used or occupied. Those persons violating this

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634 notice shall be subject to arrest and punishment, as provided by law. This
 635 notice shall not be removed except by authority of the Board."

636 (f) No person, except a representative of the enforcing agency, may deface or
637 remove a placard from any premises which has been declared and placarded as unfit for
638 human habitation.

- (g) The head of the enforcing agency may order a placard removed whenever
 the defect or defects upon which the placarding action was based have been eliminated.
 (h) After a premises has been placarded as provided in this Section 5-70, and
 the owner or occupant fails or refuses to voluntarily comply with the notice, the director
 shall immediately apply to the Board for an order condemning said premises as unfit for
 human occupancy, and shall cause a hearing to be set thereon, as soon as possible.
- 645 (1) The director shall provide notice to the owner, occupants, and mortgagees
 646 stating the time, date, and place of the hearing. Notice shall be provided by
 647 certified or registered mail, or by hand-delivery of a copy of said notice to
 648 the owner, occupants, and mortgagees, and by posting a copy of the notice
 649 on the premises.
- 650 (2) At the hearing, all interested parties shall be given an opportunity to be
 651 heard and present evidence.
- 652 (3) At the hearing, the Board shall consider and determine all relevant issues,
 653 and shall treat the owner's failure to comply as an objection and petition for
 654 review under Section 5-65 of this article.
- 655 (4) Notice of the hearing shall be provided pursuant to Section 116 of the
 656 Florida Building Code.

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657 (i) Whenever any premises are designated as unfit for human habitation, as
658 provided in this article, the enforcing agency shall compare the cost necessary to correct
659 the violation to the value of the building:

- 660 (1) If the cost of the corrective measures to be taken exceeds fifty percent
 661 (50%) of the building's value or if the cost of structural repair exceeds
 662 thirty-three percent (33%) of its structural value, based on current
 663 replacement cost less reasonable depreciation, such building may be
 664 demolished and removed.
- 665 (2) If the cost of the corrective measures does not exceed fifty percent (50%)
 666 of the building's value or if the cost of structural repair exceeds
 667 thirty-three percent (33%) of its structural value, based on current
 668 replacement cost less reasonable depreciation, such building may be
 669 repaired, renovated, or otherwise made to comply with the requirements of
 670 this article.
- In order to determine the value of a building or structure and the cost of alterations,
 repairs, and replacement, the guides and standards provided in the "Florida Building
 Code Existing Buildings" shall apply.
- 674
- 675 Sec. 5-71. Certification of inspectors.

. . .

676 (a) The Board is hereby authorized and empowered to certify individuals as
677 Minimum Housing Inspectors, and to issue to such individuals certificates of competency
678 attesting to their proficiency, experience, and expertise as inspectors under The Minimum
679 Housing Code for Broward County, Florida.

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680 (b) The Board shall promulgate and establish minimum requirements for all
 681 individuals desiring certification as Broward County Minimum Housing Inspectors.

- 682 (c) Those individuals certified as inspectors, hereunder, shall be competent to
 683 testify before any agency, board, or court of competent jurisdiction as expert inspectors
 684 in the field of minimum housing standards within Broward County, Florida.
- 685

686 Section 2. Article IX¹/₂ of Chapter 39 of the Broward County Code of Ordinances
687 is hereby amended to read as follows:

ARTICLE IX¹/₂. LANDLORD REGISTRATION, MINIMUM STANDARDS, AND

688

689

- **RESIDENTIAL RENTAL PROPERTY INSPECTIONS PROGRAM**
- 690 Sec. 39-115. Title and purpose.

. . .

691 This article shall be known as the "Landlord Registration, Minimum Standards, and 692 Residential Rental Property Inspections Program ("Program")." The purpose of the 693 Program is to create a landlord registration database of current and accurate information 694 required to contact a property owner, or designated entity, regarding health or safety 695 violations, minimum housing code complaints, or emergency situations at residential 696 rental units. The Program's further purpose is to conduct minimum standards and rental 697 property inspections to address substandard maintenance of rental properties, promote 698 greater compliance with property maintenance standards, protect property values, and 699 preserve the quality of the unincorporated area BMSD neighborhoods and available 700 housing.

701 Sec. 39-116. Landlord registration, minimum standards, and residential rental 702 property inspections program established.

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The Landlord Registration, <u>Minimum Standards</u>, and Residential Rental Property
Inspections Program for the <u>unincorporated areas of Broward County BMSD</u> is hereby
established.

706 Sec. 39-117. Definitions.

707 <u>Director shall mean the director, or designee, of the Broward County Urban</u>
 708 <u>Planning Division, or successor agency, charged with enforcing zoning and minimum</u>
 709 standard regulations within the BMSD.

710 <u>Enforcing agency shall mean the Urban Planning Division and any successor</u>
 711 department or division of County government.

712 (a) Lease shall mean any agreement or other arrangement, written or otherwise,
713 offered by a landlord to a lessee in order to lease, sublease, rent, license, sublicense, or
714 allow occupancy of a residential rental unit.

715 (b) Lessee shall mean a person to whom a lease, sublease, license, or residential
716 rental agreement is granted, whether written or oral.

717 (c) Owner shall mean any person having any legal or equitable title in any residential
718 rental unit.

719 (d) Residential Rental Certificate of Use ("Certificate") shall mean a certificate that
720 shall be obtained from the Division by any person that leases a residential rental unit to a
721 lessee.

(e) Residential rental unit shall mean any residential dwelling that is leased for
 residential purposes, including any single family home, multi-family multifamily dwelling
 (including condominium units), duplex, triplex, and quadraplex, mobile home, or other
 similar unit with four (4) or fewer units. Residential rental unit shall not include any dwelling

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unit that is owned by a federal, state, or local housing program or the federal Department
of Housing and Urban Development, hotels, motels, public lodging establishments, as
defined in Section 509.013, Florida Statutes, or any community residential facility licensed
and inspected by the state of Florida.

730 Sec. 39-118. Landlord registration of residential rental units required.

731

. . .

732 (f) No Certificate shall be issued until an inspection by a code enforcement 733 officer has been completed and the officer has determined that no material violation of 734 the requirements of this article exists on the property that is the subject of the application. 735 An inspection shall be completed, and a report of findings shall be filed, no later than 736 fifteen (15) business days after the Division's receipt of a complete application. The report 737 shall include findings on whether the property is subject to outstanding code violations or 738 lot-clearing liens or bills. Failure to complete the required inspection and file a report within 739 the time prescribed shall result in a determination that no material violations of this article 740 exist on the property that is the subject of the application. A new inspection is required 741 annually.

742

743 Section 3. Sections 39-120 through 39-126 of the Broward County Code of
744 Ordinances are hereby created to read as follows:

745 [Underlining omitted]

. . .

746 **Sec. 39-120.** Purpose and authority for uniform minimum standards.

747 The purpose of this section is to establish uniform minimum standards within the748 BMSD for residential rental units; to establish uniform minimum standards for the

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maintenance of residential rental units that may be subject to this article; and to create an
appeal procedure. This section is a means of protecting the public health, general welfare,
and life safety of the public by eliminating substandard living conditions, unsanitary
conditions, and unsafe structures.

753

759

Sec. 39-121. Minimum standards.

(a) No person shall let to another for occupancy any residential rental unit for
the purpose of living, sleeping, cooking, or eating therein, that does not comply with the
minimum standards and requirements established hereunder.

- 757 (b) Requirements for basic sanitary facilities and equipment.
- 758 (1) Each residential rental unit shall have not less than the following:
 - a. A flush water closet, lavatory basin, and a bathtub or shower;
- 760 b. An approved source of running water suitable for human761 consumption;
- 762 c. An approved type of kitchen sink; and
- 763 d. Adequate receptacles for the storage of garbage, trash, refuse, and764 rubbish.
- 765 (2) Each residential rental unit shall provide privacy for, and accessibility to,
 766 toilet and bath facilities as follows:
- 767 a. All water closets, urinals, bathtubs, and showers shall be located in
 768 a room or rooms that afford privacy to the user;
- 769b.Rooms containing water closets, urinals, bathtubs, or showers shall770be not more than one (1) story removed from the residential rental771unit of any occupant sharing the facilities; and

- c. All toilet and bath facilities shall be so located so as to be accessible
 without going outside of the building or without going through a
 residential rental unit of another occupant.
- (3) Each kitchen sink, lavatory basin, bathtub, and shower shall be supplied
 with hot and cold water. The water heating facility shall be adequate to
 supply at least twenty (20) gallons of not less than one hundred twenty
 degrees Fahrenheit (120° F) water per day for each occupant.
- a. Water heating facilities shall be properly installed, connected, and
 maintained in a safe and good working condition.
- b. No electric water heater shall be allowed in any bathroom unless the
 water heater and all electrical connections are totally encased in a
 nonconductive material or the water heater is installed in such a
 manner as to avoid any probability of shock hazard.
- 785 (4) All plumbing fixtures shall be properly connected to approved water, sewer,
 786 or gas systems. Where a sewer system is not available, drain lines shall be
 787 connected to an approved and permitted septic tank.
- (5) Every plumbing fixture, water pipe, waste pipe, gas line, and drain line shall
 be maintained in a good, sanitary working condition.
- (6) Every supplied facility and piece of equipment to be utilized by a tenant or
 occupant, including tenant-owned equipment, shall be maintained in a safe,
 sanitary, and properly operating condition. This provision shall not apply to
 small domestic appliances including, but not limited to, microwaves, coffee
 pots, blenders, etc.

795 (7) Floor surfaces in water closet compartments, bathrooms, shower rooms,
796 and kitchens shall be covered with asphalt, vinyl-plastic, rubber tile, ceramic
797 tile, terrazzo, linoleum, or other durable, waterproof, nonabsorbent material,
798 and such floors shall be properly maintained in a clean and sanitary
799 condition. No finished flooring material that requires "face nailing" shall be
800 used.

- 801 (c) General requirements for all residential rental units.
- 802 (1) Foundations, floors, walls, ceilings, roofs, windows, doors, and all other 803 building parts shall be structurally sound, weathertight, watertight, and 804 rodent proof and shall be kept in good repair. All roof surfaces shall be 805 watertight. Where water is permitted to stand on a roof for cooling purposes, 806 the roof must be designed for that purpose, and proper precautionary 807 measures shall be taken to prevent breeding of mosquitoes and other 808 similar insects. Gutters and downspouts, where in existence, shall be 809 maintained in a good state of repair.
- 810 (2) All parts and areas subject to deterioration shall be properly maintained and
 811 suitably protected from the elements.
- 812 (3) All accessory structures, including fences, garden walls, and other similar
 813 enclosures, shall be kept clean and maintained in reasonably good repair,
 814 free from infestations.
- 815 (4) Exterior premises shall be kept free from excessive growth of weeds, grass,
 816 and other flora. The term "excessive" shall be interpreted as a condition, the

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817 existence of which could be detrimental to the health, safety, and welfare of
818 the occupants of the premises or to the public.

819 (d) Heating facilities.

Every residential rental unit shall have adequate space-heating facilities, which are
properly installed and maintained in a safe and good working condition, as provided in
the Florida Building Code and other regulatory codes of Broward County and the state of
Florida.

824 Sec. 39-122. Minimum standards inspections.

(a) The enforcing agency is hereby authorized and empowered to make
inspections of any properties that have applied for or obtained a Certificate pursuant to
this article, in order to determine the physical condition of said premises and ensure
compliance with this article.

829 (b) Except as provided in Section (c) for owner-occupied residences, the 830 inspecting officers of the enforcing agency are hereby authorized to enter, examine, and 831 survey ("inspect") any residential rental unit, at reasonable hours, or at such other time 832 as may be necessary in an emergency, to ensure compliance with this article. Except for 833 emergencies endangering the public health, general welfare, or life safety, the inspecting 834 officers of the enforcing agency shall enter a residential rental unit only upon the prior or 835 contemporaneous consent of the person lawfully in occupancy thereof or the person who 836 has the legal right of possession thereof, or with a court order or inspection warrant, or in 837 accordance with the provisions of this section.

(c) In the event that a person who is lawfully in occupancy or has the legal rightof possession over a residential rental unit shall not consent to an inspection of said

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840 residential rental unit, said person shall be given the opportunity to reschedule such 841 inspection for a time certain within ten (10) days after the inspector's initial contact. Failure 842 of the person exercising common authority over said residential rental unit to thereafter 843 consent to an inspection of the structure or premises without just cause shall be sufficient 844 grounds and probable cause to seek an inspection warrant, as authorized by 845 Sections 933.20 through 933.30, Florida Statutes, as amended, for the purpose of 846 inspecting said structure or premises. Owner-occupied family residences are exempt from 847 the provisions of Sections 933.20 through 933.30, Florida Statutes, as amended.

(d) In the event that it shall be deemed necessary by an inspector of the
enforcing agency to enter a residential rental unit where the person lawfully in occupancy
or having legal right of possession (i) cannot be readily contacted in order to obtain
consent to inspect the residential rental unit; or (ii) refuses to consent to the inspection,
the inspecting officer of the enforcing agency may apply to the County Court or Circuit
Court for the issuance of an inspection warrant to be served by an officer duly authorized
by law to serve inspection warrants.

(e) Inspecting officers of the enforcing agency shall be provided with officialidentification and shall exhibit such identification when making any inspection.

857 Sec. 39-123. Enforcement of minimum standards.

(a) The minimum standards outlined in this article may be enforced by code
enforcement officers and by any law enforcement agency having jurisdiction of the area
within which the residential rental unit is located pursuant to Section 125.69 and
Chapter 162, Florida Statutes.

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(b) Conflict of interests. No official, Board member, or employee of Broward
County charged with the enforcement of this article shall have any financial interest,
directly or indirectly, in any repairs, corrections, construction, or demolition that may be
required or ordered hereunder.

866 Sec. 39-124. Service of notice for violations of minimum standards.

(a) With the exception of buildings or structures deemed unsafe, whenever an
enforcing officer determines that there is a violation of any provision related to minimum
standards found in this article, such enforcing officer shall document the violation and
submit a report of the same to the director, whereupon the director shall review all
pertinent reports and exhibits, and thereafter may issue a notice of violation and order to
show cause why the violation(s) should not be corrected.

(b) A notice of violation and order to show cause shall be served on the alleged
violator and, if different from the alleged violator, the owner of the structure or premises.
Such notice and order shall:

- 876 (1) Be in writing;
- 877 (2) Be dated and signed by the code inspector;
- 878 (3) Specify the violation or violations, and their respective code citations;
- 879 (4) Contain an outline of the corrective action, which, if properly performed, will
 880 effect compliance with the provisions of this article;
- 881 (5) State whether a building permit is or is not necessary to correct the
 882 violation(s);

- 883 (6) State that, if a building permit is necessary, it must be obtained prior to
 884 correcting the violation(s) and that it must be obtained no later than
 885 thirty (30) days after the date of the violation notice;
- 886 (7) Set a time certain within which the corrective work is to be completed;
- 887 (8) Contain a statement that final compliance must conform to the requirements
 888 of the Florida Building Code; and
- (9) State that the director may cause to be made any corrections ordered by
 the hearing officer, the cost of which shall be paid by the owner and, if not
 paid, assessed against the property and shall become a lien against the
 property.
- 893 (c) All notices required by this article shall be served in accordance with the
 894 provisions of Chapter 162, Florida Statutes, as amended.
- 895 (d) Notice, duly served, shall be an order to correct the violation(s) specified
 896 therein.
- 897 Sec. 39-125. Hearings; hearing officers.

(a) There is hereby created, for the purpose of conducting hearings pursuant
to this article, the position of hearing officer. The hearing officer shall be selected by the
County Attorney from a list of candidates approved by the Board of County
Commissioners of Broward County. The hearing officer shall be a member in good
standing with The Florida Bar engaged in the practice of law in Broward County.

903 (b) Upon receipt of a timely request for an administrative hearing, the matter
904 shall be set for hearing on the next regularly scheduled hearing or as soon thereafter as
905 possible.

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906 (c) The County shall serve a notice of hearing to the alleged violator, which907 notice shall include but not be limited to the following:

- 908 (1) Place, date, and time of the hearing.
- 909 (2) Right of the alleged violator to be represented by an attorney.
- 910 (3) Right of the alleged violator to present witnesses and evidence and conduct
 911 cross-examination.
- 912 (4) A conspicuous statement reflecting the requirements of Chapter 286,
 913 Florida Statutes, that a person deciding to appeal any decision of a hearing
 914 officer will need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is
 915 made. In lieu of providing a notice of hearing as provided above, the County
 916 may include a hearing date in the notice of violation that will be scheduled
 917 if the alleged violator requests an administrative hearing, provided that the
 918 notice of violation includes the information required by this section.
- 919 (d) No hearing shall be scheduled sooner than ten (10) days from the date of
 920 service of the notice of violation unless there is reason to believe that a violation presents
 921 a serious threat to the public health, general welfare, or life safety.
- 922 (e) All hearings shall be open to the public. All testimony shall be under oath923 and minutes shall be taken.
- 924 (f) The County shall provide clerical and administrative personnel as may be925 reasonably required by each hearing officer.
- (g) Each case before a hearing officer shall be presented by the personnel
 designated by the County Administrator or the director. The County Administrator or the
 director shall adopt procedures for the conduct of hearings before hearing officers.

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929 (h) Formal rules of evidence shall not apply, but fundamental principles of due
930 process shall be observed and govern the proceedings. All evidence of a type commonly
931 relied upon by reasonably prudent persons in the conduct of their affairs shall be
932 admissible whether or not such evidence would be admissible in a state of Florida court.
933 (i) Each party shall have the right to call and examine witnesses, to introduce

934 exhibits, and to cross-examine opposing witnesses on any relevant matter.

(j) The hearing officer shall make findings of fact based on the evidence
presented. In order to make a finding affirming the code inspector's decision, the hearing
officer must find by clear and convincing evidence that the alleged violator was properly
served with notice, that the alleged violator was responsible for the violation of the
relevant provision as cited, and that the time for correction set by the code inspector in
the warning notice, if required, was reasonable.

941 (k) The hearing officer may not determine that the time given for correction in
942 the warning notice was too long. If the hearing officer finds that a violation occurred but
943 determines that the time given for correction was not reasonable, the hearing officer shall
944 determine a reasonable time period, which shall then be the required time for compliance.

945 (I) If the alleged violator is found guilty of the violation and the appropriate fine
946 is imposed, the violator may also be held liable for the reasonable costs of the
947 administrative hearing, at the discretion of the hearing officer.

948

(m) The hearing officer shall have the power to:

- 949 (1) Take testimony under oath.
- 950 (2) Determine whether the cited violations occurred.
- 951 (3) Determine whether a reasonable time period for compliance was given.

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952 (4) Determine whether the alleged violator was properly notified of the hearing.
953 (5) Assess and order the payment of fines, which may include civil penalties
954 and administrative costs as provided under this article within a specified
955 time.

- 956 (6) Impose liens as provided by Chapter 8½, Broward County Code of
 957 Ordinances, and Chapter 162, Florida Statutes.
- 958 (7) Issue a fine consistent with Section 5-72 of the Broward County Code of
 959 Ordinances and Chapter 162, Florida Statutes.

960 Sec. 39-126. Enforcement of minimum standards.

961 (a) The violator or the County may seek a rehearing of the case by filing a 962 written motion for rehearing within five (5) working days after rendition of the decision by 963 the hearing officer. The motion for rehearing shall set forth issues that were overlooked 964 or omitted at the hearing but shall not consist of a reargument of the case. If the motion 965 is made by the violator, said motion shall be sent to the enforcing agency at the address 966 set forth on the notice of hearing. The enforcing agency shall immediately forward the 967 motion for rehearing to the hearing officer. If the motion is made by the County, the County 968 shall forward a copy of the motion to the hearing officer and to the violator at the last 969 known address. Within ten (10) days after receipt of the motion, the hearing officer shall 970 enter an order on the motion for rehearing. If the motion for rehearing is granted, the case 971 shall be set for rehearing on the next regularly scheduled hearing or as soon thereafter 972 as possible.

973 (b) The violator or the County may appeal a final decision of a hearing officer
974 to the Circuit Court of the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit within thirty (30) days after the date

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975 of rendition of the decision of the hearing officer, as provided by the Florida Rules of976 Appellate Procedure.

977 Section 4. Severability.

If any portion of this Ordinance is determined by any court to be invalid, the invalid
portion will be stricken, and such striking will not affect the validity of the remainder of this
Ordinance. If any court determines that this Ordinance, in whole or in part, cannot be
legally applied to any individual, group, entity, property, or circumstance, such
determination will not affect the applicability of this Ordinance to any other individual,
group, entity, property, or circumstance.

984

Section 5. Inclusion in the Broward County Code of Ordinances.

985 It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners that the provisions of this
986 Ordinance become part of the Broward County Code of Ordinances as of the effective
987 date. The sections of this Ordinance may be renumbered or relettered and the word
988 "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article," or such other appropriate word or
989 phrase to the extent necessary in order to accomplish such intention.

	Section 6. Effective Date.
	This Ordinance is effective as of the date provided by law.
E	NACTED PROPOSED
F	LED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE
E	FFECTIVE
	oproved as to form and legal sufficiency: ndrew J. Meyers, County Attorney
E	y: <u>/s/ Alexis I. Marrero Koratich</u> 01/04/2023 Alexis I. Marrero Koratich (date) Assistant County Attorney
E	y: <u>/s/ Maite Azcoitia 01/04/2023</u> Maite Azcoitia (date) Deputy County Attorney
	/ ·
Mir 01/	/gmb imum Housing Ordinance)9/2023 053-0052
С	oding: Words stricken are deletions from existing text. Words <u>underlined</u> are additions to existing text.