PROPOSED

1	ORDINANCE NO.			
2	AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA,			
3	PERTAINING TO AIRPORT ZONING REGULATIONS; REPEALING SECTIONS 2-144 THROUGH 2-144.8 OF THE			
4	BROWARD COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES ("CODE"); REPEALING SECTIONS 39-359 THROUGH 39-359.10 OF			
5	THE CODE; AMENDING SECTION 5-181 OF THE CODE, PROVIDING FOR DEVELOPMENT REVIEW			
6	REQUIREMENTS; AMENDING SECTION 5-182.10 OF THE CODE. REQUIRING REVIEW OF PLAT-RELATED			
7	APPLICATIONS FOR HAZARDS TO AIR NAVIGATION AND ADOPTING AIRPORT IMAGINARY SURFACES:			
8	AMENDING SECTION 5-201 OF THE CODE, ADDING DEFINITIONS; AMENDING SECTION 27-66 OF THE CODE,			
9	PROVIDING FOR COMPLIANCE WITH AIRPORT ZONING REGULATIONS PRIOR TO ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW			
10	APPROVAL; AND PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY, INCLUSION IN THE CODE, AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.			
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12	(Sponsored by the Board of County Commissioners)			
13				
14	WHEREAS, Chapter 333 of the Florida Statutes requires every political subdivision			
15	having an airport hazard area within its territorial limits to adopt, administer, and enforce,			
16	under the police power, airport protection zoning regulations for such airport hazard area;			
17	WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners of Broward County, Florida			
18	("Board"), desires to amend the Broward County Code of Ordinances to comply with			
19	certain statutory amendments;			
20	WHEREAS, the Board finds that the airport zoning regulations adopted hereunder			
21	are reasonable, do not impose any requirement or restriction that is not reasonably			
22	necessary to effectuate the purposes of Chapter 333, Florida Statutes, and are			
23	independently justified in order to promote the public interest in public health, public			
24	safety, and general welfare; and			
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1	WHEREAS, the Board finds that the implementation of this Ordinance, as set forth					
2	herein, promotes, protects, and improves the public health, public safety, and genera					
3	welfare of the residents of Broward County, Florida,					
4						
5	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF					
6	BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA:					
7						
8	Section 1. Sections 2-144 through 2-144.8 of the Broward County Code of					
9	Ordinances are hereby repealed in their entirety.					
10						
11	Section 2. Sections 39-359 through 39-359.10 of the Broward County Code of					
12	Ordinances are hereby repealed in their entirety.					
13						
14	Section 3. Section 5-181 of the Broward County Code of Ordinances is hereby					
15	amended to read as follows:					
16	Sec. 5-181. Development review procedures.					
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18	(f) Required response to Development Review Report.					
19	(1) No later than sixty (60) days after issuance of the Development Review					
20	Report, the applicant shall respond, in writing, to the Planning and					
21	Development Management Division Director specifying any objections to					
22	the Development Review Report, including, but not limited to, BCAD's					
23	determination on whether to grant an Obstruction Approval. Any objection					
24	to BCAD's determination on whether to grant an Obstruction Approval shall					

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be treated as a notice to appeal and be heard by the County Commission pursuant to this Section 5-181. If no response is received from the applicant during the sixty (60) day time period, no later than five (5) days after expiration of the sixty (60) day time period, the Planning and Development Management Division Director shall, no later than five (5) days after expiration of the sixty (60) day time period, provide notification to the applicant that the application will be presented to the County Commission or the County Administrator, as applicable, pursuant to Subsection (2) below.

Section 4. Section 5-182.10 of the Broward County Code of Ordinances is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 5-182.10. Airports.

- (a) Protection of air navigation Runway Protection Zones.
- (1) Runway Protection Zone Establishment for Airports. There is hereby created and established a Runway Protection Zone at each end of every active Runway at the Airports. The Runway Protection Zones of the Airports are illustrated in the County's Airport Layout Plan ("ALP"), as amended, which is hereby adopted by reference. Ongoing updates to the ALP are anticipated as conditions change at the Airports. A copy of the ALP is on file and available for inspection at BCAD.
- (2) Acquisition of Runway Protection Zone Property by Governmental Entity.

 It is recognized that development within airport rRunway pProtection

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<u>z</u>Zones creates a safety risk to air navigation, to the development within the rRunway pProtection zZones, and to persons using the facilities constructed within the rRunway pProtection zZones. Therefore, if the application includes any property that has been designated within a rRunway pProtection zZone of a governmentally operated airport, including the Runway Protection Zones established for the Airports, the County Commission may defer the application for no more than sixty (60) days ("Deferral Period") to allow the governmental agency entity operating the airport to decide whether to purchase the property within the rRunway pProtection zZone. If the governmental with jurisdiction over entity operating the airport fails to provide the County Commission with a resolution during the Deferral Period indicating its intent to acquire the rRunway pProtection zZone property within sixty (60) days, or where the County Commission is the governmental entity operating the airport, if the County Commission fails to make a decision during the Deferral Period to purchase the rRunway pProtection zZone parcel within sixty (60) days property, then the County Commission shall take action on the plat on the next available plat agenda following the expiration of sixty (60) days the Deferral Period. If the governmental with jurisdiction over entity operating the airport decides by resolution to purchase the property, then the County Commission may seek the applicant's agreement to defer the plat for up to an additional nine (9) months to allow for acquisition ("Additional Deferral Period");, provided that the County Commission may require the governmental entity operating the airport to provide indemnification in the

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event that the governmental entity does not acquire the property within nine (9) months the Additional Deferral Period. At any time during this process, the applicant may modify the application to exclude the designated rRunway pProtection zZone or, upon acquisition, the governmental entity with jurisdiction over operating the airport may remove the rRunway pProtection zZone property from the plat application. Such a revised application shall be processed as determined necessary consistent with this article by the Planning and Development Management Division Director, and in no event shall such a revision result in the need for the application to requalify for roadway capacity previously allocated at the time the plat was submitted. Any plat that includes a rRunway pProtection zZone shall be required to delineate the rRunway pProtection zZone on the plat, and the plat may include language stating that a delineation of the rRunway pProtection zZone is provided for informational purposes only.

- (3) Land Use Compatibility Regulations for Runway Protection Zones of the Airports. The intent of the Runway Protection Zone is to protect people and property on the ground by eliminating incompatible land uses and providing an area that is cleared, graded, and free of surface variations. The following land use compatibility regulations are intended to meet this intent:
 - a. Allowable uses. The following land uses are permissible within the Runway Protection Zones of the Airports, following review and approval by BCAD to assure compatibility with airport operations, and receipt of a favorable determination from the FAA:

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- <u>1.</u> Agricultural uses that meet airport design standards;
- 2. Irrigation channels that meet the requirements of FAA Advisory Circular 150/5200-33B, "Hazardous Wildlife Attractants on or Near Airports," as amended, and the FAA/USDA manual, "Wildlife Hazard Management at Airports," as amended;
- 3. Airport service roads, as long as they are secured to prevent access by the general public and are directly controlled by the County;
- 4. Underground facilities, as long as they meet other applicable design criteria, such as the runway safety area (RSA) requirements described in FAA Advisory Circular 150/5300-13A, "Airport Design," as amended;
- <u>Unstaffed electronic and visual air navigation aids and facilities, such as equipment for airport facilities, that are considered fixed-by-function in regard to the Runway Protection Zone; and</u>
- 6. All County uses on County-owned property.
- b. Prohibited uses. The following land uses are identified as incompatible land uses in the FAA Memorandum, "Interim Guidance on Land Uses Within a Runway Protection Zone" (dated September 2, 2012), as amended, and are therefore prohibited within the Runway Protection Zones of the Airports. The prohibited uses may be permitted, however, provided the FAA issues a

1		<u>Dete</u>	rmination Letter stating that the proposed use has minimized all
2	potential risks and liabilities and, upon review and approval b		ntial risks and liabilities and, upon review and approval by
3		<u>BCA</u>	D, assures compatibility with airport operations:
4		<u>1.</u>	Buildings and Structures, unless otherwise expressly allowed
5			by Section 5-182.10(a)(3)a), above;
6		<u>2.</u>	Recreational land uses (examples include, but are not limited
7			to: golf courses, sports fields, amusement parks, other places
8			of public assembly, etc.);
9		<u>3.</u>	Transportation facilities (examples include, but are not limited
10			to: rail facilities-light or heavy, passenger or freight; public
11			roads/highways; vehicular parking facilities; etc.);
12		<u>4.</u>	Fuel storage facilities (above and below ground);
13		<u>5.</u>	Hazardous material storage (above and below ground);
14		<u>6.</u>	Wastewater treatment facilities; and
15		<u>7.</u>	Above-ground utility infrastructure (i.e., electrical substations),
16			including any type of solar panel installations.
17	(b)	Notice of po	otential airport noise impacts.
18	(1)	If the devel	opment includes property subject to the notice requirements of
19	Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) Part 77, Subpart B, the development		
20	must receive a Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) determination that it		
21	does not constitute a hazard to air navigation or require operationa		
22	modifications to the airport to avoid such a hazard. If the application is for		
23		plat approval and the Broward County Aviation Department indicates that	
24	the development is subject to or may be subject to FAR Part 77, Subpart B		ment is subject to or may be subject to FAR Part 77, Subpart B,
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a note shall be placed on the plat, prior to recordation, stating that the development shall comply with Section IV D.1.f. of the Broward County Land Use Plan, Chapter 333, Florida Statutes, and, if the plat is in the unincorporated area, with the Broward County Airport Zoning Ordinance relating to hazards to air navigation.

(2) If an application for a residential development permit includes land lying within an area that extends five (5) miles in a direct line along the centerline of an existing or proposed runway of any County-owned aAirports and that has a width measuring one-half (½) the length of such runway, then approval of the application shall be conditioned upon the applicant recording a separate document against all the property within the development, as follows:

This serves as notice of potential aircraft overflight and noise impacts on this property, due to its close proximity to a County-owned a Airports, which is being disclosed to all prospective purchasers considering the use of this property for residential purposes. Further information regarding the current and potential impacts of airport operations on the subject property may be obtained from the Broward County Aviation Department, Planning & Environment Division. In addition to the foregoing, consistent with the FAA's "Change in FAA's Noise Mitigation Policy," effective October 1, 1998, the County will only provide noise mitigation for existing "incompatible development" and not for new incompatible development. The determination of "compatible" and "incompatible development" will be based on the County's most current noise compatibility program that has been reviewed and approved by the FAA for the Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International Airport (Airport). The determination of compatible and incompatible uses is based on the most current FAA-approved Noise Exposure Map and the land use

compatibility information contained in the "Land Use Compatibility With Yearly Day-Night Average Sound Levels" Table found in 14 C.F.R. Appendix A to Part 150.

(c) Hazards to air navigation.

- (1) Purpose and Declaration of Legislative Intent.
 - a. It is hereby found that certain land uses and Obstructions into airspace near the Airports have the potential to be Airport Hazards, endangering the lives and property of users of the Airports and of the occupants of land in the vicinity of the Airports. Airport Hazards can also reduce the size of the area available for the taking off, maneuvering, or landing of aircraft, thus tending to destroy or impair the utility of the Airports and the public investment therein. It is further found that certain activities and uses of land in the immediate vicinity of the Airports, as enumerated in this Section 5-182.10(c) and in Section 333.03(2), Florida Statutes, are not compatible with normal airport operations and may, if not regulated, endanger the lives of the residents of Broward County, adversely affect their health, or otherwise limit the accomplishment of normal activities. Accordingly, it is hereby declared:
 - That the creation or establishment of an Airport Hazard and the incompatible use of land in the vicinity of the Airports are public nuisances and injure the community served by the airport in question;

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- 2. That it is necessary in the interest of the public health, public safety, and general welfare that the creation or establishment of Airport Hazards and incompatible land uses be prevented;
- 3. That the prevention of Airport Hazards and incompatible land uses should be accomplished, to the extent legally possible, by the exercise of the police power, without compensation; and
- 4. That the limitation of land uses incompatible with normal airport operations; the prevention of the creation or establishment of Airport Hazards; and the elimination, removal, alteration, mitigation, or marking and lighting of existing Airport Hazards are public purposes for which the County may raise and expend public funds and acquire land or property interests therein, or air rights thereover.
- b. It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners of Broward County, Florida, as the owner and operator of the Airports, that each local government that has land underlying the Airspace Imaginary Surfaces, by interlocal agreement in accordance with Chapter 333, Florida Statutes, adopt, administer, and enforce the regulations in this Section 5-182.10(c).
- <u>c.</u> The regulations contained in this Section 5-182.10(c) shall be interpreted to be consistent with the standards of 14 C.F.R. Part 77, Subpart C, Federal Aviation Administration policies and guidance, and Chapter 333, Florida Statutes.

1	<u>(2)</u>	<u>Obstr</u>	uction	Approvals.
2		<u>a.</u>	Applic	cability.
3			<u>1.</u>	No development permit shall be issued for the development,
4				construction, establishment, enlargement, substantial
5				alteration, or repair of a Structure that would exceed the
6				maximum height for the Airspace Imaginary Surface in which
7				it is located, or is proposed to be located, unless Obstruction
8				Approval has been issued by BCAD. The height limitations
9				are established in Section 5-182.10(d), as may be amended.
10			<u>2.</u>	No Object of Natural Growth that would exceed the maximum
11				height for the Airspace Imaginary Surface in which it is
12				located, or is proposed to be located, may be planted, allowed
13				to grow, or be replanted unless Obstruction Approval has
14				been issued by BCAD. The height limitations are established
15				in Section 5-182.10(d), as may be amended.
16		<u>b.</u>	Applic	cation.
17			<u>1.</u>	An application for a development permit that contains a
18				Structure or Object of Natural Growth exceeding the
19				maximum height for the Airspace Imaginary Surface must
20				contain all of the following:
21				a) Copies of site plans, building plans, and other
22				documentation submitted to the FAA in conjunction
23				with the Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration;
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- b) A narrative addressing each of the review criteria listed in Section 5-182.10(c)(2)c; and
- c) Additional information that may be required at the request of the Planning and Development Management Division or BCAD, including site plans, elevation drawings, and other data as may be necessary to enable the Planning and Development Management Division or BCAD to determine whether the proposal complies with the regulations of this Section 5-182.10(c).
- Question receipt of a complete application, the Planning and Development Management Division shall provide a copy of the application to BCAD. BCAD shall then provide a copy of the application to the Florida Department of Transportation's aviation office by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by a delivery service that provides a receipt evidencing delivery. Cranes, construction equipment, and other temporary Structures in use or in place for a period not to exceed eighteen (18) consecutive months are exempt from the Florida Department of Transportation's review, unless such review is requested by the Florida Department of Transportation.
- Review criteria. BCAD must not grant Obstruction Approval for any
 Structure or Object of Natural Growth for which the FAA has issued

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<u>a Determination of Hazard. In addition, BCAD must not grant Obstruction Approval based solely on the determination by the FAA that the proposed Structure or Object of Natural Growth is not an Airport Hazard. A copy of the FAA's Determination of No Hazard to Air Navigation must be provided to BCAD before BCAD may grant Obstruction Approval. BCAD may only grant Obstruction Approval after finding that the Obstruction would not establish or create an Airport Hazard based on the following criteria, to the extent applicable:</u>

- Comments received from the Florida Department of <u>Transportation regarding the technical consistency with</u>

 Section 333.025, Florida Statutes, if any.
- 2. A review of the following:
 - a) The safety of persons on the ground and in the air;
 - <u>b)</u> The safe and efficient use of navigable airspace, and any other aeronautical impacts;
 - <u>C)</u> The nature of the terrain and height of existing
 <u>Structures</u>;
 - <u>d)</u> Federal airways, visual flight rules, flyways and corridors, and instrument approaches as designated by the FAA;
 - e) The cumulative effects on navigable airspace of all existing Structures and all other known proposed Structures in the area;

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- The Obstruction Approval, if granted, would not permit f) a Nonconforming Use or Structure to become a greater hazard to air navigation than it was when the applicable regulation was adopted that allowed the establishment or creation of the Obstruction, or than it is when the application for an Obstruction Approval is made; and
- <u>g)</u> The following impacts to the Airports:
 - 1) The potential to destroy or impair the utility of the Airports and the public investment therein;
 - 2) The character of existing and planned flight operations and developments at the Airports;
 - 3) The effect of the Obstruction on the State licensing standards for a public-use airport contained in Chapter 330, Florida Statutes, and rules adopted thereunder; and
 - 4) The effect of the construction or alteration of the proposed Obstruction on instrument flight procedures including the Minimum Altitude or the decision height at the Airports.
- <u>d.</u> BCAD may grant Obstruction Approval subject to such conditions as deemed necessary by BCAD to protect the public health, public safety, and general welfare, including the condition that the proposed Structure or Object of Natural Growth be marked and lighted in accordance with FAA recommendations provided in a Determination

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of No Hazard. The owner of the proposed Structure or Object of Natural Growth shall install, operate, and maintain lighting and marking in accordance with Federal Aviation Administration Advisory Circular 70/7460-1K, and amendments thereto, on such Structure or Object of Natural Growth.

- (3) Land Use Compatibility Regulations.
 - a. <u>Lighting countywide</u>. Countywide, the owner of any Structure over two hundred (200) feet above ground level shall install, operate, and maintain thereon, lighting in accordance with Federal Aviation Administration Advisory Circular 70/7460-1H, and amendments thereto. This lighting may include flashing red beacons, steady burning red obstruction lights, or high-intensity obstruction lights.
 - <u>Use Restrictions within three (3) statute miles of any usable Runway</u>
 <u>of the Airports.</u> In order to prevent the establishment of Airport
 <u>Hazards, the following land use restrictions shall apply within</u>
 three (3) statute miles of any usable Runway of the Airports:
 - No lights or illumination used in conjunction with streets, parking, signs, or for any other purpose shall be arranged and/or operated in a manner that is misleading or dangerous to aircraft operating in the vicinity of the Airports.
 - No use of land shall be permitted to be operated in a manner that is misleading or dangerous to aircraft operating in the vicinity of the Airports.

1	<u>3.</u>	No Structure shall be arranged and/or operated in such a
2		manner that it is misleading or dangerous to aircraft operating
3		in the vicinity of the Airports.
4	<u>4.</u>	The following lighting systems, when designed to cast light
5		upward above the horizon toward the runway approach path,
6		are prohibited:
7		<u>a)</u> <u>Searchlights;</u>
8		b) Laser lights;
9		c) Sequenced flashing lights;
10		<u>d)</u> Stroboscopic lights; and
11		e) Any other lighting that produces effects mimicking
12		airport identification lighting, runway end identification
13		lighting, or runway approach lighting, or that would
14		interfere with the vision of pilots or air traffic controllers.
15	<u>5.</u>	Uses or operations that would produce smoke, dust, thermal
16		plumes, or water vapor dense enough to interfere with pilot or
17		air traffic controller vision are prohibited. An exemption from
18		this prohibition may be permitted after review by BCAD to
19		assure compatibility with airport operations, following receipt
20		of a favorable opinion from the FAA.
21	<u>6.</u>	Uses or operations of any type that produce electronic
22		interference with navigation signals or radio communications
23		between air traffic control and aircraft and vehicles operating
24		within the airport operations area are prohibited.
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- 7. Uses, operations, or structures that would utilize highly reflective materials creating the potential for glare or visual after-images or more severe effects for pilots and air traffic controllers are prohibited. An exemption from this prohibition may be permitted after review by BCAD to assure compatibility with airport operations, following receipt of a favorable opinion from the FAA.
- <u>c.</u> <u>Landfills or other Solid Waste Disposal Facilities.</u> Landfills or other <u>solid waste disposal facilities are prohibited in the following locations:</u>
 - Within ten thousand (10,000) feet of any active Runway,
 taxiway, or aircraft parking apron of the Airports;
 - Where location of the landfill or solid waste disposal facility would place the active Runways and/or approach and departure patterns of an airport between the landfill or solid waste disposal facility and bird feeding, water, or roosting areas; or
 - 3. Locations outside the above locations, but within the limits of any Airspace Imaginary Surface, if determined by the FAA to be an Airport Hazard.
- (4) Nonconforming Uses and Structures.
 - a. Except as provided in Section b. below, no provision of this Section 5-182.10(c) shall be construed to require the removal, lowering, or other change or alteration of any Nonconforming Use

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or Structure, or otherwise interfere with the continuation of such Nonconforming Use or Structure.

Whenever BCAD determines that a Nonconforming Use or Structure <u>b.</u> has been abandoned, or is more than eighty percent (80%) torn down, destroyed, deteriorated, or decayed: (i) no Obstruction Approval shall be granted that would allow said Nonconforming Use or Structure to become an Airport Hazard or otherwise deviate from the regulations adopted hereunder; and (ii) whether or not application is made for an Obstruction Approval under this Section 5-182.10(c), the County may, by appropriate action, compel the owner of the Nonconforming Use or Structure, at the owner's expense, to lower, remove, reconstruct, or equip such Nonconforming Use or Structure as may be necessary to conform to the regulations. If the owner of the Nonconforming Use or Structure shall neglect or refuse to comply with such order for ten (10) calendar days after notice thereof, then, in accordance with Section 333.07, Florida Statutes, as may be amended, the County may, in addition to any other action deemed appropriate, proceed to have the Nonconforming Use or Structure so lowered, removed, reconstructed, or equipped, and assess the cost and expense thereof upon the object or the land on which it is or was located.

(5) Administration and Enforcement.

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- a. It shall be the duty of the County to administer and to enforce the regulations prescribed herein within the Airspace Imaginary Surfaces established pursuant to Section 5-182.10(d).
- <u>b.</u> Each violation of Chapter 333, Florida Statutes, or of any regulations, orders, or rulings adopted under this Section 5-182.10(c) shall constitute a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in Section 775.082 or Section 775.083, Florida Statutes, and each day a violation continues to exist shall constitute a separate offense.
- c. The County may institute in any court of competent jurisdiction an action to prevent, restrain, correct, or abate any violation of Chapter 333, Florida Statutes, or of regulations adopted under this Section 5-182.10(c) or of any order or ruling made in connection with their administration or enforcement, and the court shall adjudge to the plaintiff such relief, by way of injunction, which may be mandatory, or otherwise, as may be proper under all the facts and circumstances of the case in order to fully effectuate the purposes of Chapter 333, Florida Statutes, and of the regulations adopted and orders and rulings made pursuant thereto and hereto.

(6) <u>Judicial Review.</u>

Any Person, political subdivision, or joint airport zoning board affected by a decision of the County, the Planning and Development Management Division, or BCAD hereunder may apply for judicial relief pursuant to

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1		Section	on 333.11, Florida Statutes, or Section 5-203 of the Broward County
2		Code	of Ordinances, as such may be amended.
3	<u>(7)</u>	Confli	cting Regulations.
4		In the	e event of conflict between any of the regulations or limitations
5		presci	ribed in this Section 5-182.10(c) and any other regulations applicable
6		to the	same area, whether the conflict be with respect to the height of
7		Struct	tures or Objects of Natural Growth, the use of land, or any other
8		matte	r, the more stringent limitation or requirement shall govern and
9		preva	<u>il.</u>
10	<u>(d)</u>	<u>Airspa</u>	ace Imaginary Surfaces and height limitations.
11	<u>(1)</u>	In ord	der to carry out the provisions of Section 5-182.10(c), as may be
12		amen	ded, there are hereby created and established certain Airspace
13		<u>lmagiı</u>	nary Surfaces, which include all of the airspace lying beneath the
14		surfac	ces and intended to be protected from Airport Hazards. The Airspace
15		<u>lmagii</u>	nary Surfaces are separately established for each of the Airports.
16		<u>a.</u>	The regulations established in Section 5-182.10(c) shall be
17			construed to regulate the use of Airport Hazard Areas in the manner
18			necessary to protect the associated airspace from Airport Hazards.
19		<u>b.</u>	To determine the height limits set forth in this Section 5-182.10(d),
20			the datum shall be the mean sea level ("MSL") elevation, unless
21			otherwise specified.
22		<u>C.</u>	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International Airport and North Perry
23			Airport Airspace Imaginary Surfaces Composite Map. The Airspace
24			Imaginary Surfaces for FLL and HWO, defined in accordance with
	Coding:		Words in struck-through type are deletions from existing text. Words in underscored type are additions.

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14 C.F.R. § 77.19, are illustrated in the Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International Airport and North Perry Airport Airspace Imaginary Surfaces Composite Map, as amended, which is hereby adopted by reference. The map, which is intended for informational and conceptual planning purposes, demonstrates the maximum height permitted within the Airspace Imaginary Surfaces based on existing conditions at FLL and HWO. Ongoing updates to the map are anticipated as conditions change at FLL and HWO. A copy of the map is on file and available for inspection at BCAD.

Section 5. Section 5-201 of the Broward County Code of Ordinances is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 5-201. Definitions.

Affordable housing. Housing for which monthly rents or monthly mortgage payments (including taxes and insurance) do not exceed 30 percent of an amount representing the percentage (very low = 50%; low = 80%; moderate = 120%) of the median income limits, as published by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, adjusted for family size for the households. (See definitions below for very low income, low income, and moderate income persons.)

Airport Hazard Area(s). Any area of land or water upon which an Airport Hazard might be established.

Airport Hazard(s). An obstruction or obstructions to air navigation that have an adverse effect on any of the following: (i) the safe and efficient use of navigable air

1	space; (ii) t	he operation of planned or existing air navigation and communication	
2	facilities; (iii)	a significant volume of air traffic activity; (iv) the public investment in the	
3	applicable airport; or (v) the use of such airport by aircraft operators deemed to provide		
4	critical air services.		
5	<u> Airpoi</u>	ts. Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International Airport ("FLL") and North Perry	
6	Airport ("HWO"), and all of their facilities, including, but not limited to, passenger		
7	terminals, pa	arking structures and associated revenue facilities, aircraft gates, Runways,	
8	taxiways, and ancillary airport support development.		
9	<u>Airspa</u>	ace Imaginary Surface(s). The navigable airspace that is intended to be	
10	protected from	om Airport Hazards, adopted under Section 5-182.10(d) of the Broward	
11	County Code of Ordinances, and that includes:		
12	<u>(1)</u>	Five (5) airspace imaginary surfaces for civil airports established by	
13		14 C.F.R. § 77.19: primary surface, horizontal surface, conical surface,	
14		approach surface, and transitional surface; and	
15	<u>(2)</u>	One-engine inoperative ("OEI") surfaces established by BCAD, designed	
16		to provide safe obstacle clearance for aircraft departing the applicable	
17		airport after the loss of one (1) engine.	
18			
19	Arteri	al. A street having that meaning given in <u>§Section</u> 334.03(1), F.S. <u>Florida</u>	
20	Statutes (A	terials in Broward County are designated on the Broward County	
21	Trafficways	Plan.)	
22	Aviation Department; BCAD. The Broward County Aviation Department, or its		
23	successor agency.		
24			
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Existing urban service area. Built-up areas where public facilities and services such as sewage treatment systems, roads, schools, and recreation areas are already in place.

FAA. Federal Aviation Administration, or its successor agency.

Major driveway. A driveway which that provides for a maximum average daily trip volume of five thousand (5,000) vehicles and/or a maximum average peak hour volume of five hundred (500) vehicles.

Minimum Altitude. This term includes the minimum descent altitude, minimum en route altitude, minimum obstacle clearance altitude, and minimum vectoring altitude, as such terms are defined in FAA Handbook 8083-16B (Instrument Procedures Handbook), as amended.

New construction. Site preparation for, and construction of, entirely new structures, whether or not the site was previously occupied, or full or extensive (fifty percent (50%) or more) replacement of structures and their components.

Nonconforming Uses or Structures. Any Structure, Object of Natural Growth, or use of land existing as of October 19, 2021, that is inconsistent with the regulations of Section 5-182.10(c).

Non-water management area. Any portion of a development that is not a functional part of the "surface water management system" and is not designed for the normal impoundment, storage, or conveyance of surface water or stormwater.

Object of Natural Growth. Any organism of the plant kingdom, including a tree.

Coding:

1	<u>Obst</u>	ruction Approval(s). An Approval or Approvals issued by BCAD and required	
2	in order to	develop, construct, plant, replant, establish, enlarge, substantially alter, or	
3	repair an Ol	ostruction.	
4	<u>Obst</u>	ruction(s). Any existing or proposed object, terrain, or Structure construction	
5	or alteration if it is of greater height than the height allowed in the applicable Airspace		
6	Imaginary Surface. The term includes:		
7	<u>(1)</u>	Any Object of Natural Growth or terrain;	
8	<u>(2)</u>	Permanent or temporary construction or alteration, including equipment or	
9		materials used and any permanent or temporary apparatus; or	
10	<u>(3)</u>	Alteration of any permanent or temporary existing Structure by a change in	
11		the Structure's height, including appurtenances, lateral dimensions, and	
12		equipment or materials used in the Structure.	
13	<u>OE/A</u>	AAA Process. FAA's Obstruction Evaluation/Airport Airspace Analysis	
14	process und	dertaken in accordance with 14 C.F.R. § 77.25 et seq.	
15			
16	Roof	The exterior surface and its supporting structures on the top of a building. A	
17	roof protects	s the building and its contents from the effects of weather. In order to receive	
18	impact or co	oncurrency fee credit, buildings with damaged roofs must be considered safe	
19	and occupia	able by local building officials.	
20	Runy	vay Protection Zone(s). Areas at ground level beyond the Runway end	
21	intended to	enhance the safety and protection of people and property on the ground. The	
22	Runway Pro	otection Zones of the Airports are illustrated in the Airport Layout Plan, as	

amended.

Coding:

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Runway(s). Defined rectangular surfaces on an airport prepared or suitable for 1 2 landing and takeoff of aircraft. 3 4 5 Section 27-66 of the Broward County Code of Ordinances is hereby Section 6. 6 amended to read as follows: 7 Sec. 27-66. Environmental review approvals required prior to issuance of a county 8 or municipal building permit. 9 . . . 10 (n) Environmental review approval shall not be issued without evidence that the proposed development is in compliance with Section 5-182.10, Broward County Code of 11 12 Ordinances, which addresses development near Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International 13 Airport and North Perry Airport. 14 15 Section 7. Severability. 16 If any portion of this Ordinance is determined by any court to be invalid, the invalid 17 portion will be stricken, and such striking will not affect the validity of the remainder of this 18 Ordinance. If any court determines that this Ordinance, in whole or in part, cannot be 19 legally applied to any individual, group, entity, property, or circumstance, such determination will not affect the applicability of this Ordinance to any other individual, 20 21 group, entity, property, or circumstance. 22 23 24

underscored type are additions.

Coding:

Words in struck-through type are deletions from existing text. Words in

1	Section 8. <u>Inclusion in the Broward County Code of Ordinances</u> .		
2	It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners that the provisions of this		
3	Ordinance become part of the Broward County Code of Ordinances as of the effective		
4	date. The sections of this Ordinance may be renumbered or relettered and the word		
5	"ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article," or such other appropriate word or		
6	phrase to the extent necessary in order to accomplish such intention.		
7			
8	Section 9. <u>Effective Date</u> .		
9	This Ordinance is effective as of the date provided by law.		
10			
11	ENACTED PROPOSED		
12	FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE		
13	EFFECTIVE		
14			
15	Approved as to form and legal sufficiency:		
16	Andrew J. Meyers, County Attorney		
17	By /s/ Alexander J. Williams 11/16/2021		
18	Alexander J. Williams (date) Assistant County Attorney		
19			
20	By <u>/s/ Maite Azcoitia 11/16/2021</u> Maite Azcoitia (date)		
21	Deputy County Attorney		
22	A)///ab		
23	AW/ch Airport Zoning Ord.doc		
24	11/16/2021 80071.0007		
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